

Shell access and data transfer

Interactive Login

The Salomon cluster is accessed by SSH protocol via login nodes login1, login2, login3 and login4 at address salomon.it4i.cz. The login nodes may be addressed specifically, by prepending the login node name to the address.

The alias >salomon.it4i.cz is currently not available through VPN connection. Please use loginX.salomon.it4i.cz when connected to VPN.

Login address	Port	Protocol	Login node
salomon.it4i.cz	22	ssh	round-robin DNS record for login[1-4]
login1.salomon.it4i.cz	22	ssh	login1
login1.salomon.it4i.cz	22	ssh	login1
login1.salomon.it4i.cz	22	ssh	login1
login1.salomon.it4i.cz	22	ssh	login1

The authentication is by the private key

Please verify SSH fingerprints during the first logon. They are identical on all login nodes: f6:28:98:e4:f9:b2:a6:8f:f2:f4:2d:0a:09:67:69:80 (DSA) 70:01:c9:9a:5d:88:91:c7:1b:c0:84:d1:fa:4e:83:5c (RSA)

Private keys authentication:

On **Linux** or **Mac**, use

```
local $ ssh -i /path/to/id_rsa username@salomon.it4i.cz
```

If you see warning message “UNPROTECTED PRIVATE KEY FILE!”, use this command to set lower permissions to private key file.

```
local $ chmod 600 /path/to/id_rsa
```

On **Windows**, use PuTTY ssh client.

After logging in, you will see the command prompt:

```

  _ _ _ _ _
 / _ _ _ _ |      | |
 | ( _ _ _ _ | _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
 _ _ _ _ / _ _ _ _ | / _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
 _ _ _ _ ) | ( _ _ _ _ | ( _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
 | _ _ _ _ / _ _ _ _ | _ _ _ _ / _ _ _ _
```

<http://www.it4i.cz/?lang=en>

```
Last login: Tue Jul  9 15:57:38 2013 from your-host.example.com
[username@login2.salomon ~]$
```

The environment is **not** shared between login nodes, except for shared filesystems.

Data Transfer

Data in and out of the system may be transferred by the scp and sftp protocols.

In case large volumes of data are transferred, use dedicated data mover nodes cedge[1-3].salomon.it4i.cz for increased performance.

HTML commented section #1 (removed cedge servers from the table)

Address	Port	Protocol
salomon.it4i.cz	22	scp, sftp
login1.salomon.it4i.cz	22	scp, sftp
login2.salomon.it4i.cz	22	scp, sftp
class="discreet">login3.salomon.it4i.cz	22	scp, sftp
login4.salomon.it4i.cz	22	scp, sftp

The authentication is by the private key

HTML commented section #2 (ssh transfer performance data need to be verified)

On linux or Mac, use scp or sftp client to transfer the data to Salomon:

```
local $ scp -i /path/to/id_rsa my-local-file username@salomon.it4i.cz:directory/file
```

```
local $ scp -i /path/to/id_rsa -r my-local-dir username@salomon.it4i.cz:directory
```

or

```
local $ sftp -o IdentityFile=/path/to/id_rsa username@salomon.it4i.cz
```

Very convenient way to transfer files in and out of the Salomon computer is via the fuse filesystem sshfs

```
local $ sshfs -o IdentityFile=/path/to/id_rsa username@salomon.it4i.cz:. mountpoint
```

Using sshfs, the users Salomon home directory will be mounted on your local computer, just like an external disk.

Learn more on ssh, scp and sshfs by reading the manpages

```
$ man ssh
$ man scp
$ man sshfs
```

On Windows, use WinSCP client to transfer the data. The win-sshfs client provides a way to mount the Salomon filesystems directly as an external disc.

More information about the shared file systems is available [here](#).